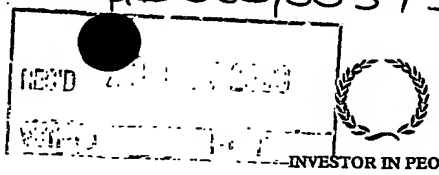

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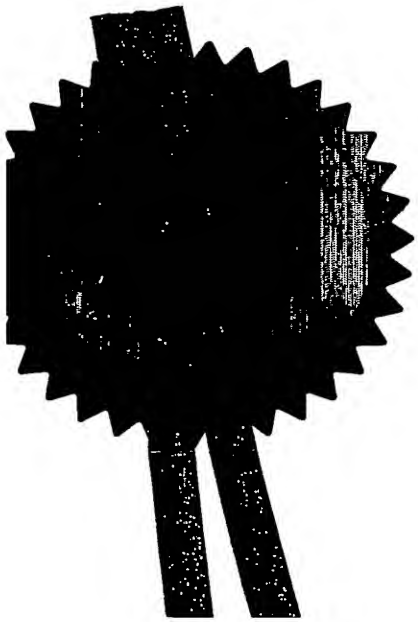

Signed P. Mahoney

Dated 5 September 2003

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The Patent Office

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1. Your reference — CDK2023/LM

2. Patent application number *(The Patent Office will fill in this part)* — 0220022.8 — 29 AUG 2002

3. Full name, address and postcode of the or of each applicant *(underline all surnames)*

ADEDAMOLA ADEBAYO ANDU
69 HarrowdeneRoad
North Wembley
Middlesex
HA0 2JQ

Patents ADP number *(if you know it)* 6120596003

If the applicant is a corporate body, give the country/state of its incorporation

4. Title of the invention — PLANT WATERING APPARATUS

5. Name of your agent *(if you have one)* — Barker Brettell

"Address for service" in the United Kingdom to which all correspondence should be sent *(including the postcode)*

138 Hagley Road
Edgbaston
Birmingham
B16 9PW

Patents ADP number *(if you know it)* 7442494002

6. If you are declaring priority from one or more earlier patent applications, give the country and the date of filing of the or of each of these earlier applications and *(if you know it)* the or each application number

Country	Priority application number *(if you know it)*	Date of Filing *(day/month/year)*

7. If this application is divided or otherwise derived from an earlier UK application, give the number and the filing date of the earlier application

Number of earlier application	Date of filing *(day/month/year)*

8. Is a statement of inventorship and of right to grant of a patent required in support of this request *(Answer 'Yes' if:*
a) any applicant named in part 3 is not an inventor, or
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Request for substantive examination *(Patents Form 10/77)* -

Any other documents *(please specify)* -

11. I/We request the grant of a patent on the basis of this application.

Signature Barker Brettell Date

Barker Brettell 28 August 2002

12. Name and daytime telephone number of person to contact in the United Kingdom Colin D. Kinton Tel: 0121 456 1364

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PLANT WATERING APPARATUS

This invention relates to plant watering apparatus and in particular to improvements in the construction thereof.

A plant needs a regular supply of water for healthy growth. To maintain the plant in a healthy state, watering must be carried out with a frequency and in a quantity to maintain the plant's growing medium correctly moist.

Various devices are hitherto known and include, for example, WO 95/10934 and EP 0206708A2. In principle these devices rely upon a moisture-sensitive air valve, which is in communication with the growing medium, to admit air to an otherwise sealed reservoir for controlling the dispensing of water to the medium.

Few devices have reached the market, owing to the complexity and cost of their construction.

It is an aim of the present invention to ameliorate the above disadvantage and provide a self-watering apparatus of improved construction.

Accordingly, the present invention provides a self-watering apparatus comprising a moisture-sensitive valve and a water holding body wherein said water holding body is moulded in one piece and comprises:-

(i) a filling tube with an opening at high level, said tube being in fluid communication with a delivery tube located at low level;

(ii) a main water holding reservoir adapted, in use, to receive water from said low level delivery tube, said main water holding reservoir being in fluid communication with a second delivery tube;

(iii) at least one storage chamber having a discharge orifice, said storage chamber being adapted, in use, to receive water from the main water holding reservoir by means of a second delivery tube which optionally may have a capillary plug;

(iv) optionally, one or more further storage chambers having further discharge orifices, at least one of the further storage chambers being in fluid communication with said at least one storage chamber (iii) and a pressure relieving tube, and

(v) an outlet tube with an opening at high-level within said main water holding reservoir (ii) through which air can be drawn into the apparatus under the control of said moisture-sensitive valve.

The body may be made of a plastics material and may be formed by injection or blow moulding.

The pressure relieving tube connects to the reservoir (ii) at a high level to the storage chamber (iii) at a low level whereby air can be purged from the reservoir (ii) during priming of the apparatus and/or when the apparatus is being re-filled.

The discharge orifice of the storage chamber (iii) is preferably located above the bottom of the chamber and the pressure-relieving tube is arranged to enter the storage chamber at a level below the discharge orifice in order that the tube is normally below the water level in the chamber.

The outlet tube may be integral with the moulded body.

The apparatus compensates automatically for conditions where more or less water must be supplied to a growing medium. For example, it increases the discharge of water when the growing medium is being dried by ambient heat or wind.

The flow of water from the storage chamber (iii) is such that it provides sufficient water to the growing medium without allowing excess water to leave the reservoir (ii). The discharging orifice may comprise a bleed valve in a wall of the storage chamber (iii).

The control of the discharge of water from the storage chamber is achieved by control of the air pressure in the reservoir chamber.

The water holding body may also contain a float member. A preferred type of float member, in use, is slidably engaged by one or more guide portions which may be integrally formed with the internal walls of the reservoir (ii). The float member serves in use to indicate the amount of water remaining in the reservoir.

The invention will now be described, merely by way of example, with reference to the accompanying drawings, in which:-

Figure 1 is a section through a self-watering apparatus according to one embodiment of the present invention;

Figures 2 to 4 show alternative arrangements of the self-watering apparatus of Figure 1;

Figure 5 shows a toroidal self-watering apparatus of a second embodiment of the present invention;

Figure 6 shows an alternative configuration of a third embodiment of the present invention;

Figures 7 and 8 show a fourth embodiment of the present invention.

In the drawings like numerals denote like parts.

Referring to Figure 1 a plant watering apparatus 1 is shown comprising a filling tube 2 with an opening 3 at high level. The filling tube 2 is in fluid communication with a main water holding reservoir 4 by means of a low level delivery tube 5. The main water holding reservoir includes a sump 6 which is in fluid communication with a first storage chamber 10 by means of an L-shaped delivery tube 11. The first storage chamber 10 fills with water from the delivery tube 11 through an orifice 12. Once the chamber is full, water is released through a bleed valve 13. Water is also concomitantly released into a second storage chamber 16 provided with a further bleed valve through a pressure reducing valve 15.

Initially the pressure in the main water holding reservoir is equivalent to atmospheric pressure, as air is able to enter the main water holding reservoir through a moisture-sensitive valve 17, which is inserted into an outlet tube 18. The outlet tube has an opening 19 at high level into the main water holding reservoir. Additionally, the main water holding reservoir comprises a pressure relieving tube 20 which, in use, is adapted to facilitate the removal of air from the chamber 4 when it is being filled. This tube also acts to seal the chamber 4 against further ingress of air when using the water stored in the second storage chamber 16 while the apparatus is being primed.

The apparatus 1 automatically primes itself after filling by using the water that is released by the bleed valves 13,14 into a plant container to seal the moisture-sensitive valve 17. This priming action is achieved as the water level drops in the main water holding reservoir 4 by preventing the entry of air into the main water holding reservoir. This creates a reduced pressure above the level of the water in the main water holding reservoir 4. The resulting low pressure prevents any further release of water from the orifice 12 into the first storage chamber 10.

When the plant absorbs moisture from a surrounding substrate moisture is in turn absorbed via the moisture-sensitive valve 17 into the substrate. The moisture-sensitive valve 17 therefore dries out and permits air to be drawn back into the main water holding reservoir 4 which allows the ingress of water through the orifice 12 into the first and second storage chambers 10,16. Water is then discharged through the bleed valves 13,14 into the surrounding substrate. When the surrounding substrate is saturated with water the moisture-sensitive valve 17 also becomes saturated with water. This prevents the ingress of air into the water holding reservoir 4 causing reduced atmospheric pressure above the level of water in the main reservoir and prevents the flow of water through the orifice into the storage chambers 10,16.

When the apparatus 1 is re-filled the pressure in the main water holding reservoir 4 increases as water enters the reservoir 4. The increase in air pressure forces air into the pressure relieving tube 20 and into the second storage chamber 16 where air is forced out of the bleed valve 14. When the second storage chamber 16 is full the main water holding reservoir 4 is sealed against further ingress of air.

The sump 6 serves to deliver water into the L-shaped delivery tube 11. the sump 6 may also provide a means to receive a float member 30 when

the main water reservoir 4 is empty. The float 30 is inserted through a hole 31 located at the base of the sump 6 which is then sealed by means of a resilient plug 32. The float 30 is slidably engaged by central guides 40,41 which are integrally moulded with the sides of the main water chamber. The guides 40,41 also serve to prevent the sides of the plant watering apparatus collapsing under reduced (negative) pressure.

When the air pressure is reduced in the main water holding reservoir 4 the water level in the filling tube 2 drops substantially below the base 50 of the main water holding reservoir 4. In order to prevent air from entering the main water holding reservoir 4 the low level tube 5 needs to be situated at the lowest possible point in the apparatus 1.

Referring to Figure 2 the plant watering apparatus 1 is shown having an alternative arrangement for the delivery of water from the main water holding reservoir 4 into the first and second storage chambers. The delivery tube serves to deliver water from the main water holding reservoir 4 into the first and second storage chambers 10,16. The sump 6 provides a delivery means from the filling tube 2 such that water can enter the main water holding reservoir 4.

Referring to Figure 3 a further alternative arrangement of the present invention is shown. The delivery tube 11 is in direct communication with the sump 6.

Referring to Figure 4 a vibration-resistant plant watering apparatus is shown. The delivery tube 5 is substantially S-shaped in order to prevent the ingress of air into the main water holding reservoir 4. The low level delivery tube 11 has as part of its construction a duct 11A which is open to sump 6. A capillary plug 11D is inserted through a hole 11B into the duct to retard the flow of water in the low level delivery tube 11 so as to

prevent the ingress of air into the system. Hole 11B is sealed with a plug 11C.

Referring to Figure 5 there is shown an alternative arrangement of a watering apparatus in accordance with the present invention. The apparatus 1 is substantially toroidal in configuration having two water holding chambers 60,61 diametrically opposed with respect to each other. The filling tube 2 is in fluid communication at low level with both water holding chambers. When the water holding chambers 60,61 are filled the storage chambers 10,16 are concomitantly filled with water through an orifice 12. The two storage chambers are in fluid communication with each other via a connecting duct 15. The storage chambers are provided with bleed valves 13,14 so that water may be discharged into the surrounding plant medium.

The second storage chamber 16 is in communication with a pressure-relieving tube 20.

Referring to Figure 6 another embodiment of the present invention is shown. The plant watering apparatus is configured as a plant pot. The walls of the pot provide a continuous, toroidal, reservoir 4. A filling funnel 80 is connected to a filling tube 2 to allow the water reservoir 4 to be filled. The apparatus 1 also comprises a lid 90 of complementary configuration to the pot in order to seal the system against the ingress of air. The lid forms, when fitted to the base of the apparatus, an "open" sump 100 in which water can be released using a connecting tube 101. This sump 100 serves as a storage chamber. The storage chamber is in communication with a pressure-relieving tube 20.

Referring to Figure 7 a further embodiment of an anti-vibration plant watering apparatus is shown. The apparatus is substantially rectangular

in shape. The apparatus comprises an opening 200 to fill the apparatus which is sealed by a resilient plug 201 of complementary configuration. The opening is located on the base of the apparatus. Once the chamber has been filled the apparatus is then inverted and water is delivered to the first and second storage chambers 10,16. Water is discharged through the bleed valve 13 into the growing medium.

Referring to Figure 8 a further embodiment of an anti-vibration plant watering plant apparatus is shown.

A delivery tube 11 has inserted in it a capillary plug 11D. Plug 11D is arranged with respect to chamber 4 such that the ingress of air into the system is prevented.

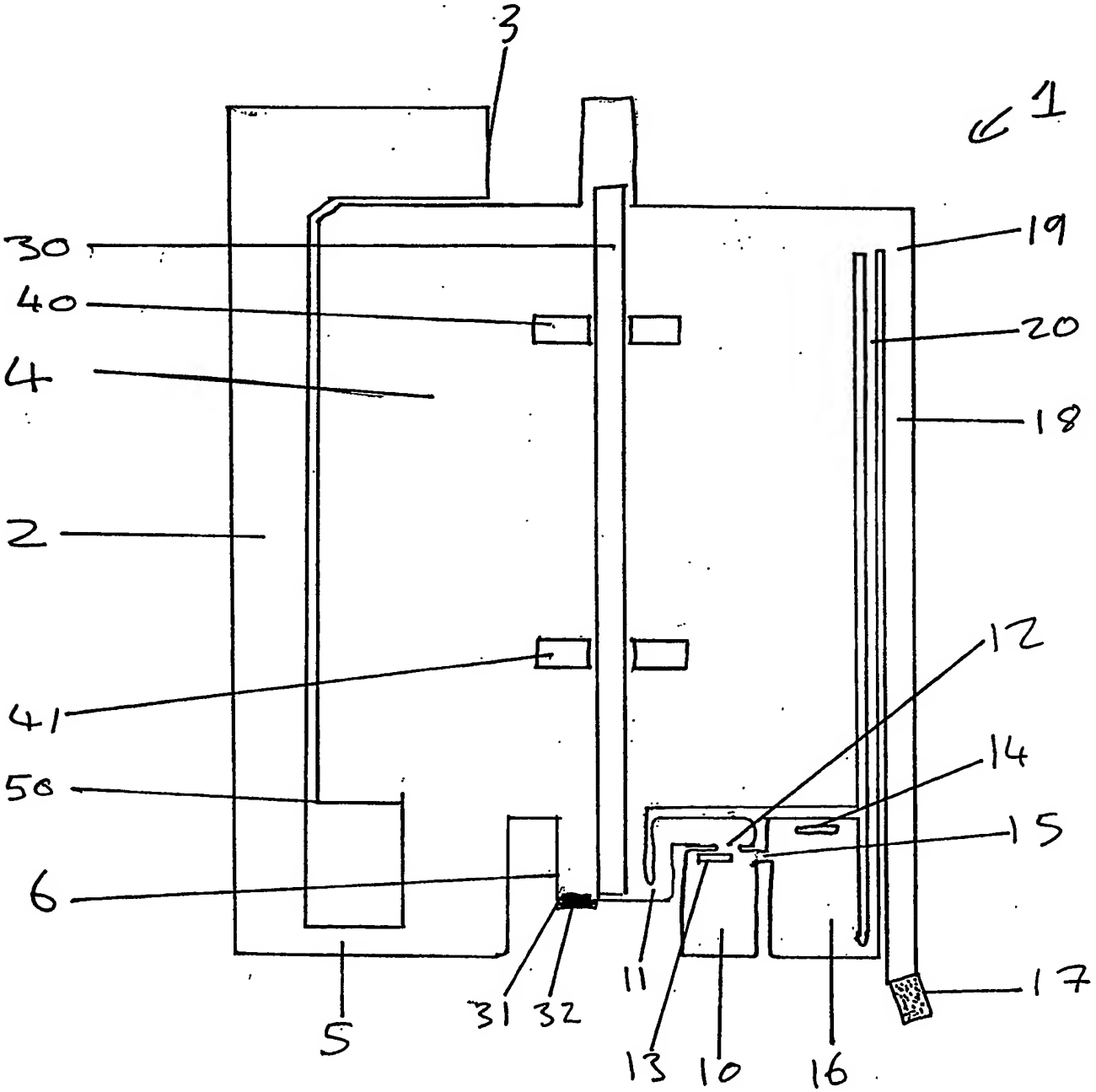

Figure 1

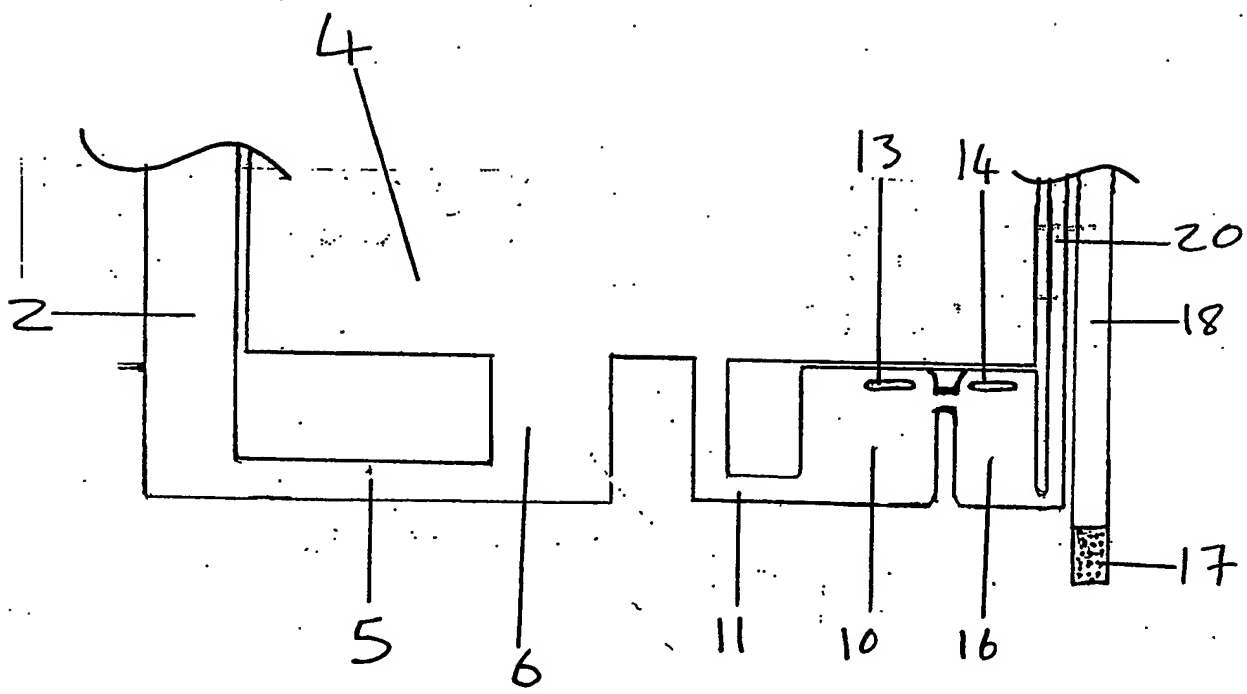

Figure 2

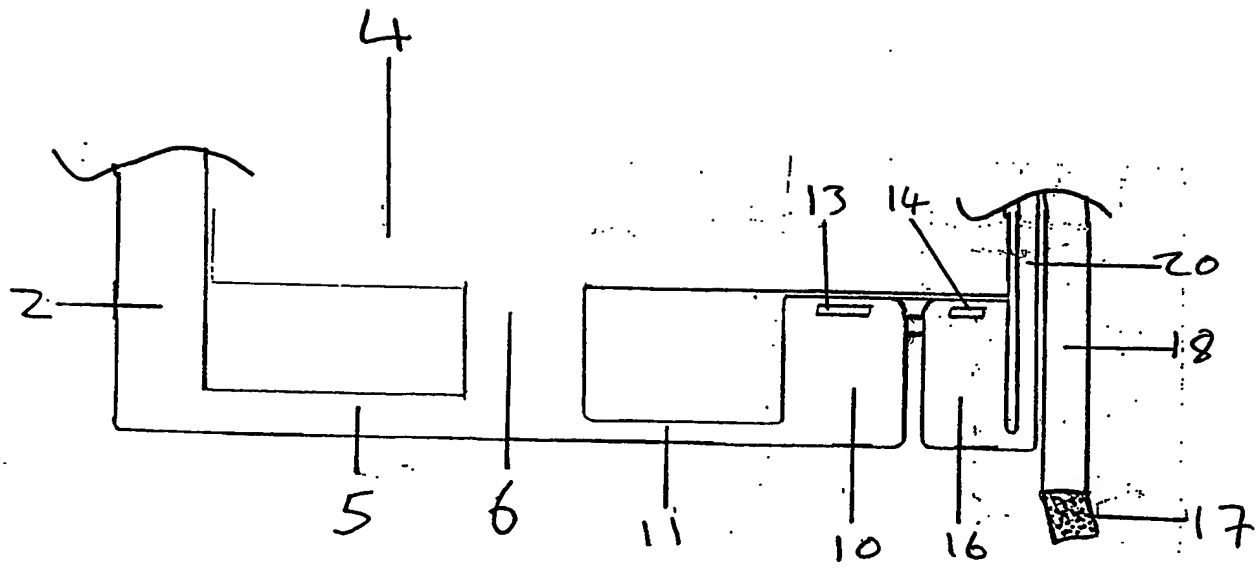

Figure 3

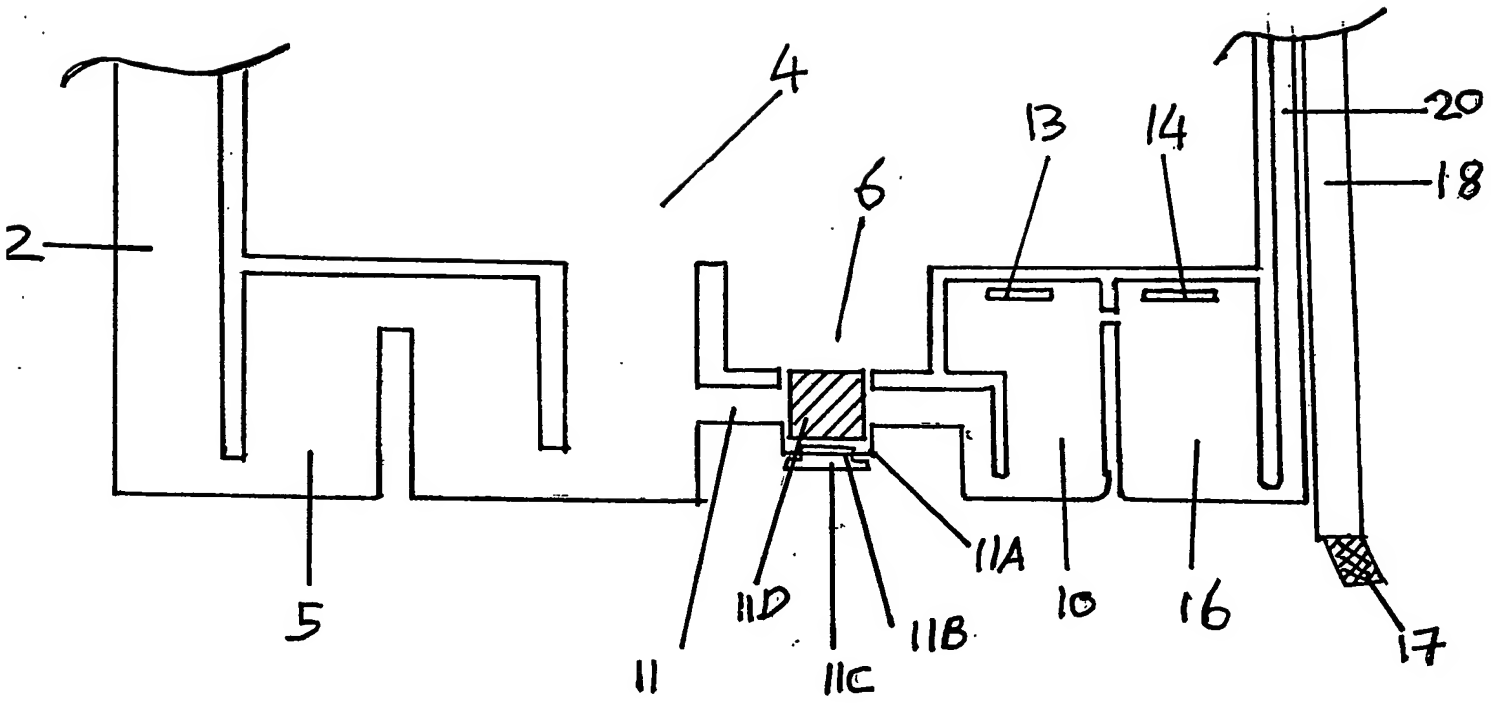

Figure 4

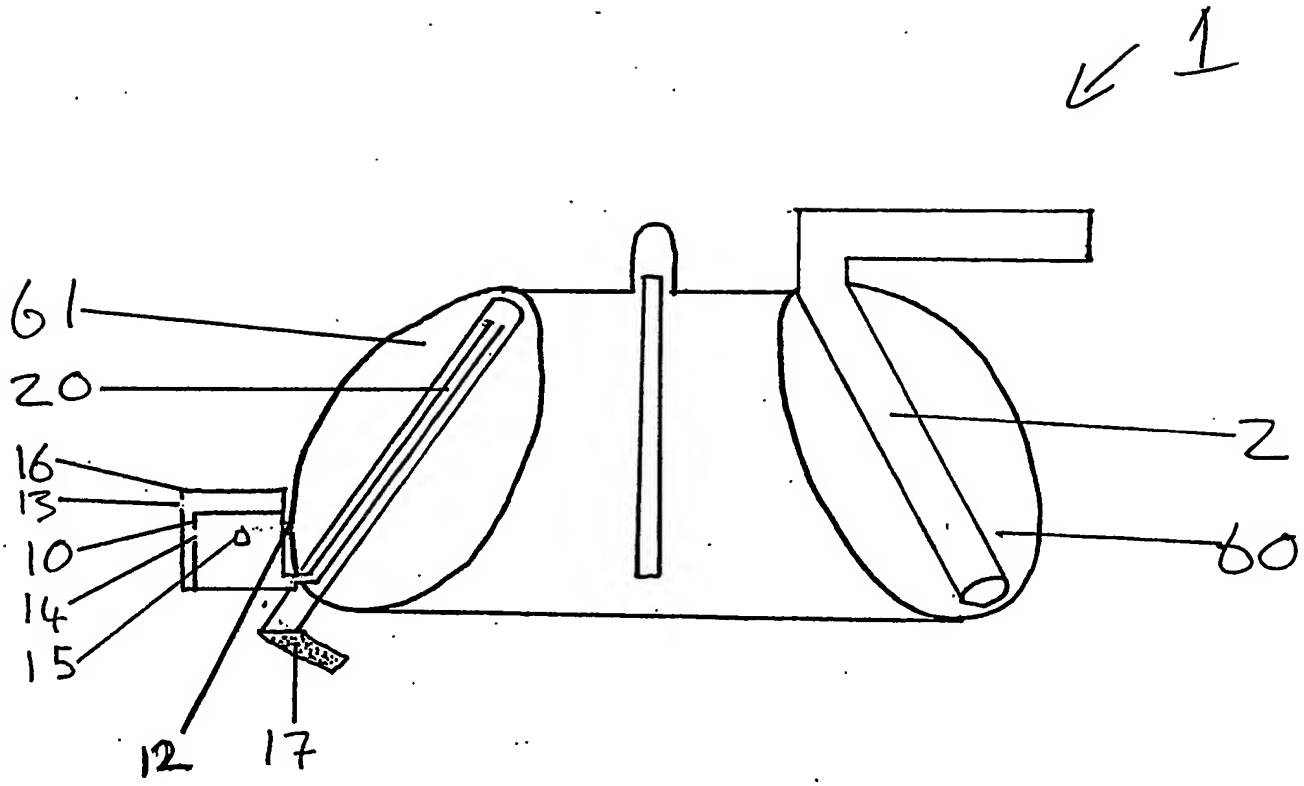

Figure 5

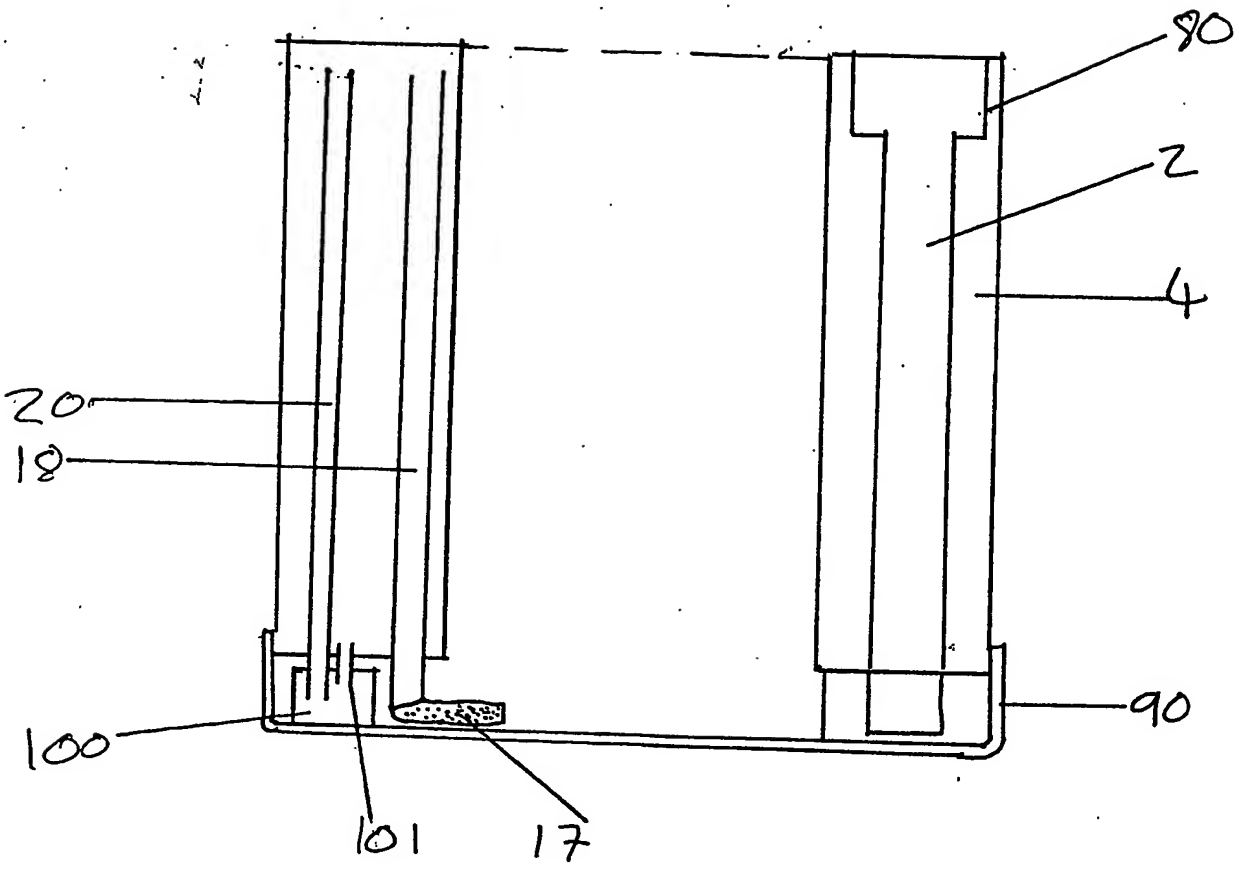

Figure 6

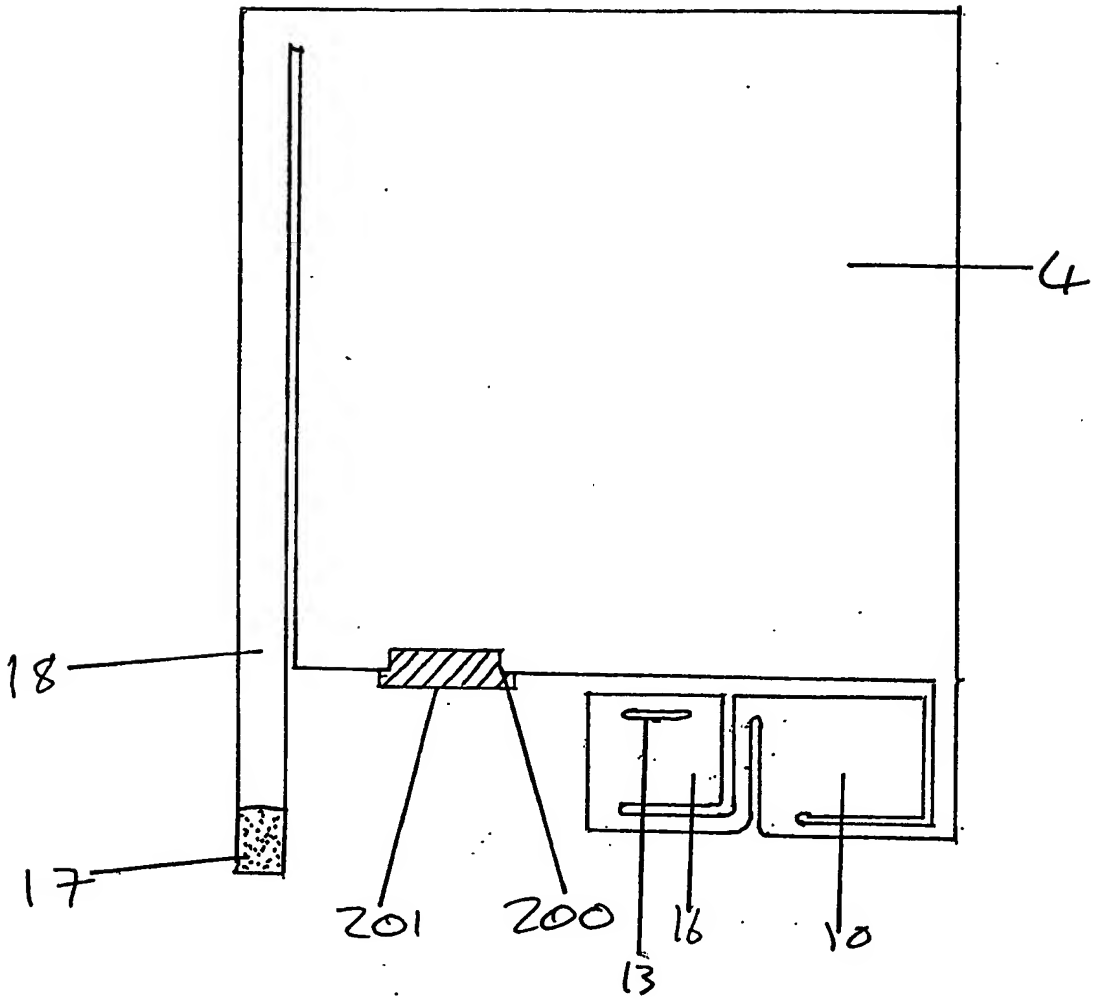

Figure 7

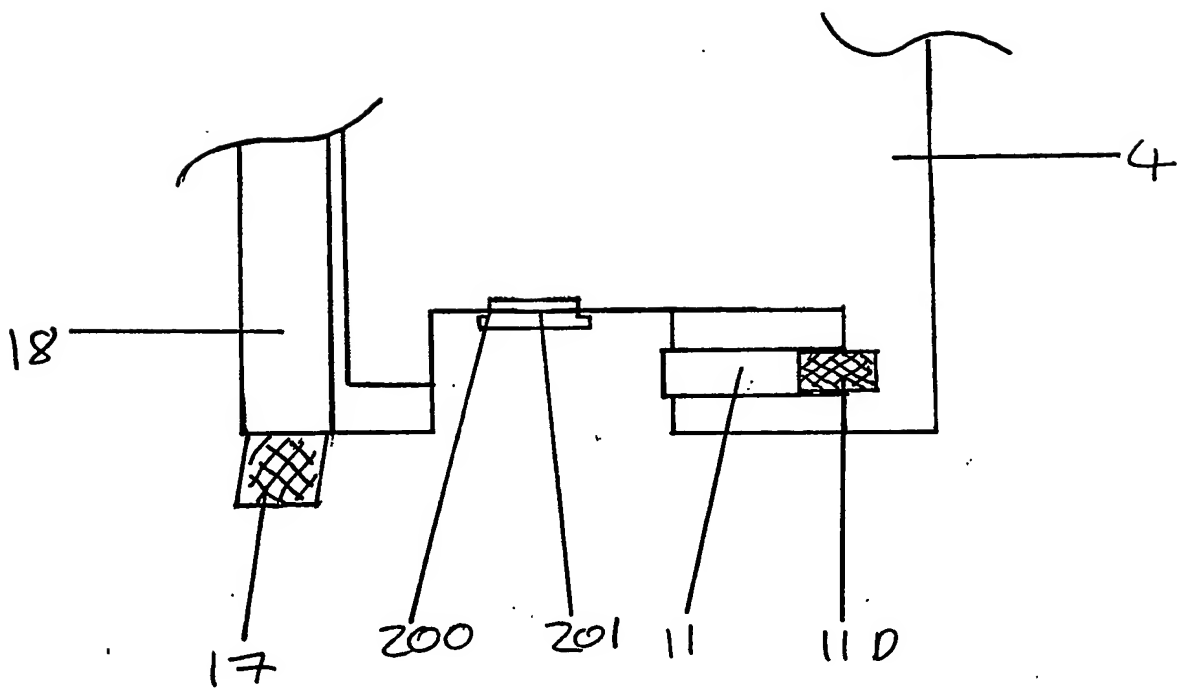

Figure 8